Appendix 3: Glossary

Term	Description
Active Places	An online database of sports facilities http://www.activeplaces.co.uk/
Active People Survey	The Active People Survey is the largest ever survey of sport and active recreation to be undertaken in Europe. It identifies how participation varies from place to place and between different groups in the population. The survey also measures; the proportion of the adult population that volunteer in sport on a weekly basis, club membership, involvement in organised sport/competition, receipt of tuition or coaching, and overall satisfaction with levels of sporting provision in the local community.
Care Pathway	A care pathway is a single all-encompassing document, prepared by a multi-disciplinary team, which sets out the elements of care a client is likely to be provided. It is, also, a single unified legal record of the care the patient has received, and the progress of their condition, as the pathway has been undertaken.
Change4Life	Change4Life is a nationwide movement that is supported by partners from every sector of society and backed by a major communications campaign. It aims to help everyone, but especially children, eat better, move more and live longer.
Community Capacity	Community Capacity building, also referred to as capacity development, is a conceptual approach to development that focuses on understanding the obstacles that inhibit communities, and individuals, from realizing their developmental goals while enhancing the abilities that will allow them to achieve measurable and sustainable results.
Community Use Agreement	An agreement between parties, typically a governing body of a school, local education partnership or trust and a sports club, league, national governing body of sport and a local authority. It sets out the basis upon which the school makes available its sports facilities for use by the local community, sports clubs and leagues.

Term	Description
County Sports Partnerships (CSP)	CSPs are local networks of: local authorities; national governing bodies; clubs; schools and school sport partnerships; primary care trusts, and other local agencies committed to working together to increase participation in sport and physical activity. They are led by a central team of people whose job it is to provide leadership and co-ordination of the network.
Darlington Community Games	Darlington Community Games is an annual event which offers various sports and activities for young people aged 10 to 16. Attractions include a table tennis tournament, Wii Sports and Wii Sport Island, team games and a tossing the welly competition.
Darlington Schools Games	The Darlington School Games is an annual event, which brings together primary school children in years 3 and 4 to compete against other schools across selected sports. The very first event was in 2007 and involved a couple of schools who competed across five sports. The event has grown and in July 2011 saw all but one primary school in Darlington taking part.
Darlington Cares	Darlington Cares is a partnership of the town's leading employers committed to making Darlington a better place through employee volunteering. Darlington Cares is working with local charities and community projects to build an engaging and co-ordinated volunteering framework that addresses Darlington's community needs, particularly in areas of disadvantage.
Darlington Exercise Referral Scheme	Darlington Borough Council manages the Exercise on Referral scheme, funded by the Health and Wellbeing Board. Working with local GPs and other allied health professionals, the scheme accepts referrals for individuals with a variety of conditions. Formerly known as the Life Enhancement Activity Programme (LEAP) Scheme, these programmes have been running in the current format since January 2007.

Term	Description
Facilities Planning Model (FPM)	The model seeks to assess whether the capacity of existing facilities for a particular sport are capable of meeting local demand for that sport taking into account how far people are prepared to travel to a facility. In order to estimate the level of sports facility provision in an area, the model compares the number of facilities with the demand for that facility that the local population will produce.
	The model can be used to test scenarios, by suggesting what impact a new facility would have, or the closure of a facility would have, on the overall level of facility provision. It can also take account and model the impact of changes in population, for example, from major housing development.
Health & Wellbeing Board	Health and wellbeing boards are statutory bodies which were introduced as part of the NHS reforms outlined in the Health and Social Care Act 2012. The aim of health and wellbeing boards is to improve integrated working between local health care, social care, public health and other public service practitioners so that patients and service users experience more joined-up care, particularly in the transition between health and social care. The boards are also responsible for leading locally on reducing health inequalities.
Joint Strategic Needs Assessments (JSNA)	JSNAs provide local policy-makers and commissioners with a profile of the health and wellbeing needs of the local population. The aim of JSNAs is to improve commissioning and reduce health inequalities by identifying current and future health needs within a local population. They are intended to provide a powerful tool for defining priorities and shaping future services by local authorities and their partners.
Life-course Approach	A life-course approach to health requires a continuum of interventions combined with efforts to strengthen health delivery systems and address the broader social and economic determinants of health.
Local Strategic Partnership	Made up of representatives from the public, private, business and voluntary sectors.

Term	Description
National Governing Body (NGB)	A national governing body is an organization which co-ordinates the policies and development of a specific sport and has a regulatory or sanctioning function. To qualify for funding, each NGB had to develop a whole sport plan which detailed how it would use this public money to increase and improve participation and talent development in sport.
Planning Condition	A condition imposed on a grant of planning permission.
Planning Obligation	A legally enforceable obligation entered into under section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 to mitigate the impacts of a development proposal.
Playing Pitch Strategy	Building on any local needs assessment of playing fields, a strategy which adheres to the guidance in Sport England's Towards a Level Playing Field document and clearly identifies priorities for investment within the local area.
Primary Care Trust (PCT)	PCTs were largely administrative bodies, responsible for commissioning primary, community and secondary health services from providers. Until 31 May 2011 they also provided community health services directly. Primary Care Trusts were abolished on 31 March 2013 as part of the Health and Social Care Act 2012, with their work taken over by clinical commissioning groups (CCG).
Section 106 (S106)	These agreements are a way of delivering or addressing matters that are necessary to make a development acceptable in planning terms. They are used to support the provision of services and infrastructure, such as highways, recreational facilities, education, health and affordable housing.
Sport England	Sport England is the government agency responsible for building the foundations of sporting success, by creating a world-leading community sport environment of clubs, coaches, officials and volunteers. It also has a role protecting sports provision and must be formally consulted on any English planning applications that affect playing fields.
Sports Development Team	The Sports Development Team's aim is to help as many people in Darlington take part in more sport and physical activity.