Indicator	HBS 013 Rent arrears of current tenants in the fin	anci	al year as a per	centage of	rent debit (GI	NPI 34)		
How we calculate this indicator	Current outstanding arrears of rent and service charges du annual rent debit plus current tenant arrears brought forw					Q3 performa	ance	•
Why this indicator is important	This indicator along with HBS 016, is a key measure of the An efficient rent collection service is important to ensuring landlord, is collected and received. Tenant accounts mana and is used to meet the costs of managing and maintaining organisational expectations.	g tha ged i	t as much of the reinefficiently can re	ent due, and esult in furth	l therefore poter er arrears. Renta	ntial income t Il income is a	o the counc	cil as a ce of finance
			3 -			2.72		
	Rent arrears are following previous trends which show a rise in arrears because of Christmas. Past experience		2.5 –	2.4	2.31 2.3	2.43	2.6	2.38
	indicates arrears tend to improve in Q4 to bring us round		2	2.012.05	2.09		2	
	to target and we anticipate reaching end of year target.	ırs	2 –					
	We map arrears trends by individual geographical areas	Arrears	1.5 —					
	and by monthly direct debit payment cycles which allow	% A						
What the	us to monitor on a monthly basis, the value of arrears and number of tenants in arrears. This allows us to target		1 -					
data is telling	specific areas where arrears have increased. Additionally		0.5 —					
us	we have increased the number of homes in the housing							
	stock which in turn increases the rent debit. At the end		0	Q1	Q2	Q3		Q4
	of the quarter the rent debit had increased by £230,000		2015/16	2.01	2.09	2.72	2	2.19
	on the same quarter last year. As a result there is an		2016/17	2.05	2.31	2.42	2	2.38
	increase in the value of arrears as more rents are due.		2017/18	2.4	2.3	2.6		
			Target 2017/18	2.4	2.4	2.4		2.4
	We benchmark our performance with the Housing Quality Darlington was in the 2nd quartile and above the average		•		easured a quarte	er behind. At	the end of c	quarter 2,
	We will continue with weekly monitoring of individual ren			_		•		
	we have a limited take-up of Universal Credit. However th			•				
doing about it	Cedit claimants show a higher average arrear than non-Un			•	•		_	
	restructure of the Housing Income Management Team fro	m Fe	ebruary, creating a	in additional	post and reduci	ng the size of	individual r	ent patches.

Indicator	HBS 016 Rent collected as a proportion of rents ow	ved on HRA	dwellin	gs inc	luding arre	ars brough	nt forward	
Numerator	Rent and service charges payments received from our curre entitlement received, as a proportion of the rent roll at the forward from the previous financial year.				_		Q3 performano	e
Why this indicator is important	This indicator along with HBS 013, is a key measure of the e service. An efficient rent collection service is important to e as a landlord, is collected and received. Rental income is a r the housing stock. We benchmark our performance against	ensuring that a	s much o	of the re and is	ent due, and used to mee	therefore po t the costs o	otential income t f managing and i	o the cour
	Performance continues to follow the usual pattern and impact of Christmas. However performance is slightly higher than last year at this time. Benchmarking with the Housing Quality Network shows that we are in the top quartile which is above 98.29%. However the impact of Universal Credit has affected other landlords to a larger extent than it has us, therefore it is reasonable to expect that our performance is good in comparison. We are confident of	99.) ———	98.9	98.54	98.4	5 09 20	
		98. collected 97. 97.	97.93	7.92	97.9		98.29 98.15	
		9 ol	, I	.02	97.37	97.6917.62		
What the data is telling us		9	7 —	H				
		96.		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
	achieving the end of year target.	2015/	16 97	7.93	97.9	97.61	98.15	
		2016/		7.82	97.37	97.62	98.29	
		2017/		8.9	98.54	98.45		
			99	3.15	98.15	98.15	98.15	

Indicator	HBS 025 Number of days spent in Bed and Breakfas	it				
How we calculate this indicator	Total number of nights a household spends in bed and break total is cumulative and performance is monitored and measu		•	•	. 103	performance
lindicator is	This indicator along with HBS 027a, is a key measure of the eduty to secure accommodation for unintentionally homeless accommodation pending the completion of inquiries into an application is accepted until suitable secure accommodation temporary accommodation available to the Council. B&B accommodation of the temporary accommodation is available. Nation	households i application, c becomes ava commodation	n priority need or they might sp ilable. Bed and is an expensive	. Households mig bend time waiting breakfast (B&B) e option and disr	ght be placed in g in temporary accommodatio uptive for famil	temporary accommodation after an n is one of the types of ies, and therefore used
What the data is telling us	Numbers have increased in Q3. Quarter 1 was lower than Q1 last year however Q2 was higher than Q2 last year. The number of presentations during October and November was higher than the same months last year. This has resulted in officer time being focussed on new presentations rather than closing cases. The impact of welfare reforms and gradual removal of some floating support provision from earlier in the year started to show during Q3.	2000 1800 1600 1400 1200 1000 800 400 200 0 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18	479 333 382 Q1 479 333 382	916 901 716 Q2 916 901 716	1220 1294 1328 Q3 1220 1294 1328	Q4 1652 1715
What we are doing about it	Homelessness officers monitor B&B cases weekly and work wenable them to move to permanent accommodation. The recommissioning Services to address this. Work is also ongoing to get them into permanent accommodation which prevents 2017 in April introduces new statutory duties and as a result impact on the length of time households spend in B&B.	duction of flog with outread homeless pro	ating support h ch organisation esentations. Th	as impacted on t s to target a sma e implementatio	this and we are Ill number of en on of the Homel	working with the Council' trenched rough sleepers essness Reduction Act

Indicator	HBS 027a Number of positive outcomes where home	lessness has be	en preve	nted		
low we alculate this ndicator	Total number of households within the period where new pos homelessness has been prevented or relieved. The total is cun measured monthly, and reported at the end of each quarter.				Q3 performan	ace 👢
Vhy this ndicator is nportant	This indicator along with HBS 025, is a key measure of the effer make it harder for individuals to find a job, stay healthy and musleeping or demand on health or adult social care services. Adderventing homelessness can reduce costs and the potential in	aintain relationshi dressing the imme	os. Commu diate and l	inities can also be i ong term costs of h	mpacted by an incomelessness can b	rease in rough
Vhat the data s telling us	The number of presentations increased in Q3 and the number of positives outcomes has decreased compared to Q3 last year. Q1 presentations was lower than Q1 last year however Q2 was higher than Q2 last year. The number of presentations during October and November was also higher than the same months last year. This has resulted in officer time being focussed on new presentations rather than closing cases. The impact of welfare reforms and gradual removal of some floating support provision from earlier in the year started to show during Q3.	100 — 0 — 0 — 2015/16 — 2016/17 — 2017/18 — 20	170 171 Q1 170 171 119 015/16 near (2015/1	.252	460 383 460 400 2017/18 /17) Linear (20	Q4 517 596
/hat we are oing about it	The data suggests there has been an increase in cases with commonitor homelessness cases for safeguarding implications to a Additionally central government data requirements will increase we are working with the Council's Commissioning Services to system for this purpose.	evaluate the requir use from April and t	ement for :his data w	a more holistic app ill be analysed for i	proach to addressin nformation to imp	ng complex need rove the service.

Indicator	HBS 034 Average number of days to re-let d	wellings				
How we calculate this indicator	This indicator measures the average time (in calendar day by dividing the total number of days dwellings were vacan Dwellings requiring major works are not included in this ca	nt in the quarter , by t		•		Q3 performance
Why this ndicator is mportant	It is important to minimise the length of time a dwelling is we are unable to receive income for that property through by the Council is increased by longer void times. To maxim tenants and prospective tenants, we need to re-let proper	h rent and service chanise income to the Ho	orges. Addition using Revenue	nally the length	of time those	awaiting rehousin
Vhat the data s telling us	The average number of days we have set ourselves to re-let dwellings is 25, however we seek to re-let dwellings in less time wherever possible. Since 2015/16 we have consistently re-let dwellings on average in less time than 25 days. Over the last 12 months we have built new homes which have been added to our existing housing stock. Over recent months we have seen an increase in the number of voids as existing council tenants move from their tenancies to new Council built homes. This has resulted in void numbers fluctuating month on month during the allocation process; this is likely to continue in the coming months as further new builds are made available. Tenancy management officers have worked hard to ensure performance is sustained. Performance continues to remain good and below the target set for the year.	30 25 20 20 75 10 10 5 0 2015/16 2016/17 2017/18 Target 17/18	24.5 21.47 20.53 Q1 21.47 20.53 24.5 25	23.8 _{23.02} 17.5 Q2 23.8 17.5 23.02 25	Q3 17.32 17.32 17.32 18.42 25	23.76 19.13 Q4 23.76 19.13
Vhat we are loing about it	Housing Tenancy Management Officers continue to work build homes. We are also continuing to promote existing (have recently agreed to be part of a regional benchmark v	Council properties wh	ich offer good	quality accom	modation at a	reasonable rent. \

ndicator	HBS 072 % of dwellings not with a gas service within 12 months of last service date						
How we calculate chis ndicator	This indicator measures the percentage of dwellings which did not have the end of the quarter, which had been reviewed by their anniversary number of dwellings without a current gas safety record in place at the dwellings requiring a gas safety record.	Q3 performance					
Why this ndicator is mportant	The Council is responsible for making sure gas appliances in Council every dwelling once a year and tenants are required to provide acces appliances working properly, correctly functioning appliances can hel	ss to engineers to c	do this. In add	-	•		
		1.6 — 1.4 — 1.2 —	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
		1 — % 0.8 —			0.7	0.52	
Nhat the	We continue to do an excellent job in complying with gas servicing; over 99.8% of Council owned properties have received an annual	0.6 —	0.37	0.35 0.25 0.16	0.37	0.41	
	service.	0.2 —	01	02	03	04	
	· ·		Q1 0.37	Q2 0.25	Q3 0.37	Q4 0.52	
	· ·	0			,		
data is elling us	· ·	2015/16	0.37	0.25	0.37	0.52	